

AGENDA

Session 1

Overview of the NFIP Program
History
Quality Measures and data

Long-stay UTI
Long-stay Pressure Ulcers
Long-stay Antipsychotic use
Ung-stay Hospitalizations

Session 1 — Objective is to provide an overview of the Nursing Facility Incentive Program

# History

## **The Nursing Facility Incentive Program (NFIP)**

- Based on a Value Based Purchasing (VBP) model.
- No financial risk to Nursing Facilities (NF).
- In 2023, funds were appropriated by the legislature for this quality model.
- Developed during stakeholder meetings help in 2022 and 2023.
- First payment was June 2024.

Goal is to improve NF resident overall outcomes through an incentive payment based on specific quality measures (QM) performance.

4

## **Payment History**

FFY24 average Nursing Facility (NF) payment per tier

Tier 1 - \$100,000

• 5 NF

Tier 2 - \$84,000

• 26 NF

Tier 3 - \$46,000

• 28 NF

Tier 4 - \$0

• 14 NF



## **QUALITY MEASURES**

### **Quality Measures**

- Long-stay Urinary Tract Infection
- Long-stay Antipsychotic Medication
- Long-stay Pressure Ulcers
- Long-stay Hospitalizations

# Calendar Year Dates FFY Q1 Jan 1 - March 31 Q2 Q2 April 1 - June 30 Q3 Q3 July 1 - Sept 30 Q4 Q4 Oct 1 - Dec 31 Q1

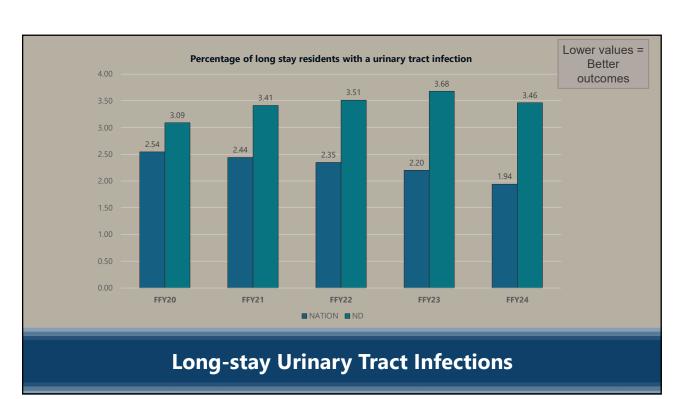
#### **Additional consideration**

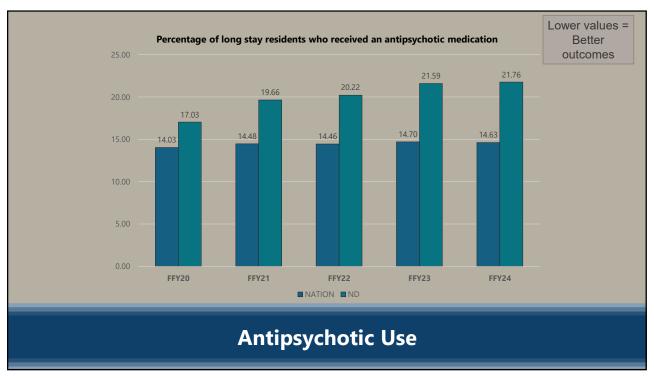
- AHCA/NCAL Quality Award (Baldrige Framework)
- Facilities that have 30% or more residents with an SMI diagnosis

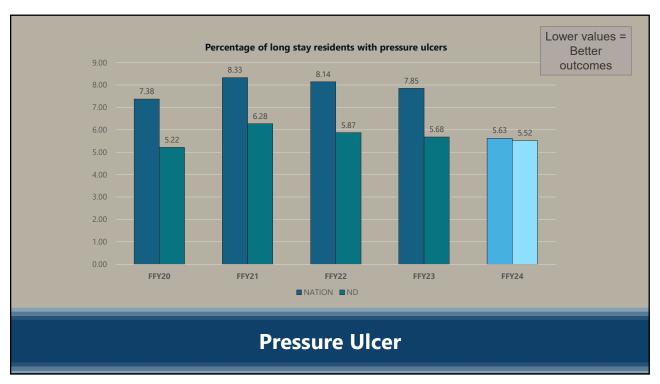
#### All data for QM are from CMS Care Compare.

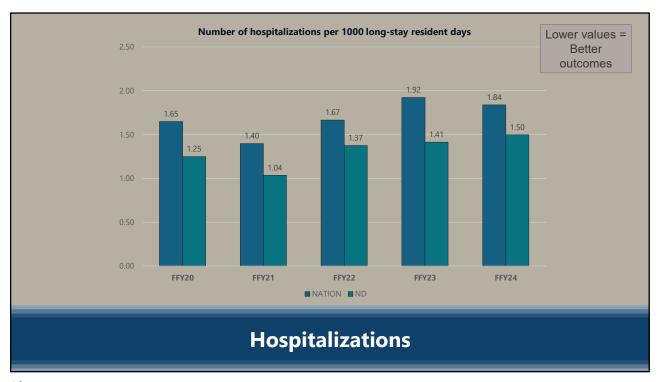
- Program follows the Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) October 1 September 30
- Data point used are the fourth-quarter average at the end of the Federal Fiscal Year (FFY)
- No reporting requirements for NF that have required data published by CMS

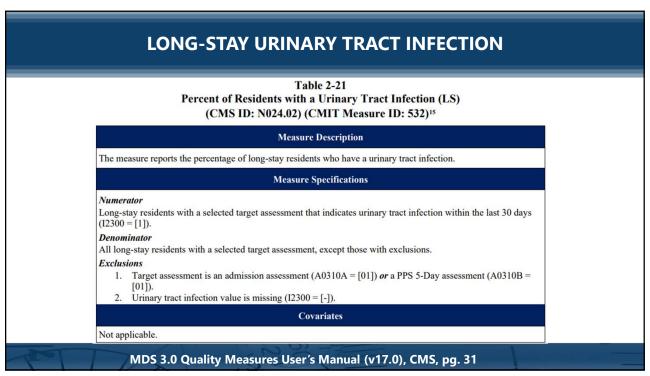


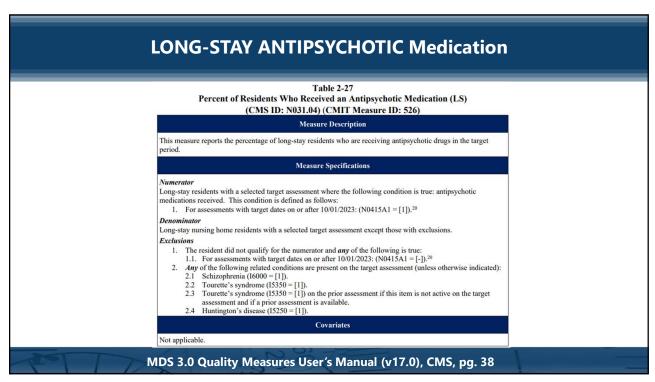


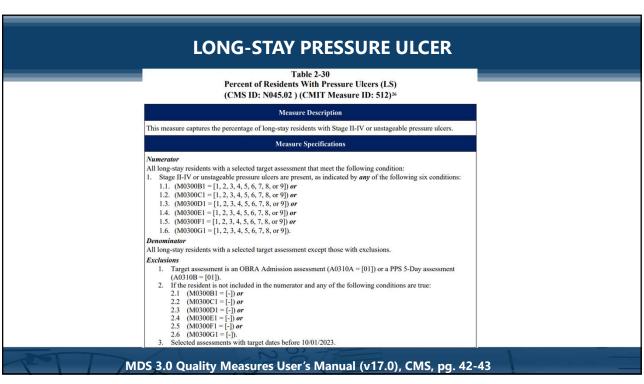












#### **LONG-STAY PRESSURE ULCER** Covariates Covariates used to risk-adjust this measure include: 1. Impaired Functional Mobility: Lying to Sitting on Side of Bed on target assessment.<sup>27</sup> 1.1 Covariate = [1] if GG0170C = [01, 02, 07, 09, 10, 88]. 1.2 Covariate = [0] if GG0170C = [03, 04, 05, 06, -]. 2. Bowel Incontinence on target assessment. 2.1 Covariate = [1] if H0400 = [1, 2, 3]. 2.2 Covariate = [0] if H0400 = [0, 9, -]. 3. Peripheral Vascular Disease or Peripheral Arterial Disease, or Diabetes Mellitus on target assessment. 3.1 Covariate = [1] if 10900 = [1] or 12900 = [1], else covariate = [0]. 4. Indicator of low body mass index based on height (K0200A) and weight (K0200B) on target assessment. 4.1 Covariate = [1] if BMI ≥ [12.0] and BMI ≤ [19.0]. 4.2 Covariate = [0] if BMI > [19.0]. 4.3 If Covariate has not been set to [1] or [0] based on logic in 4.1 and 4.2, then Covariate = [0]. 5. Malnutrition or at risk of malnutrition on target assessment. 5.1 Covariate = [1] if I5600 = [1], else covariate = [0]. 6. Dehydrated on target assessment. 6.1 Covariate = [1] if J1550C= [1], else covariate = [0]. 7. Infections: Multidrug-Resistant Organism (MDRO), Pneumonia, Septicemia, or Urinary Tract Infection on target assessment. 7.1 Covariate = [1] if 11700 = [1] or 12000 = [1] or 12100 = [1] or 12300 = [1], else covariate = [0]. 8. Moisture Associated Skin Damage on target assessment. 8.1 Covariate = [1] if M1040H = [1], else covariate = [0]. Hospice Care on target assessment. 9.1 Covariate = [1] if O0110K1b = [1], else covariate = [0].

14

#### LONG-STAY HOSPITALIZATIONS

MDS 3.0 Quality Measures User's Manual (v16.0), CMS, pg. 42-43

- Data source Medicare Claims
  - Measures the number of unplanned inpatient admissions or outpatient observations stays that occurred among LS residents over a 1-year period.
- How it is calculated
  - Risk adjusted based on multiple covariates including MDS and claims-based data
  - Observed hospitalization rate

    Expected hospitalization rate

    National Rate = Risk Standardized Rate

Nursing Home Compare Claims-Based Quality Measure Technical Specification , CMS, Abt Associates, July 2024, pg 8 -14

## **LONG-STAY HOSPITALIZATIONS**

Example of **observed** LS hospitalization rate – (without risk adjustment)

- 75 LS residents with a total of 27,563 eligible days
- 28 unplanned hospitalizations and 7 observation stays

Denominator - 27,563 LS days / 1000 = 27.563 Numerator - 35 hospitalizations

35 / 27.563 = 1.27

Average Daily LS census – **75** X LS hospitalization rate - **1.27** X **30** days / **1000** days = **2.9** approximate number of residents being sent to the hospital each month.

16

# **QUESTIONS?**

## Contact:

Sarah Berreth, BSN, RN Nursing Facility VBP Administrator <u>sberreth@nd.gov</u> 701-328-4911



